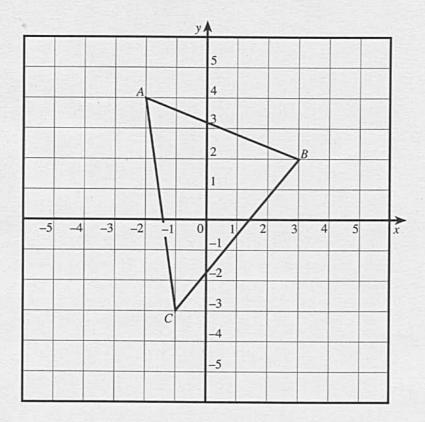


The sides of a regular octagon are  $x \, \text{cm}$  long. Each side of a regular pentagon is 6 cm longer than each side of the octagon. The perimeter of the octagon is 3 cm longer than the perimeter of the pentagon.

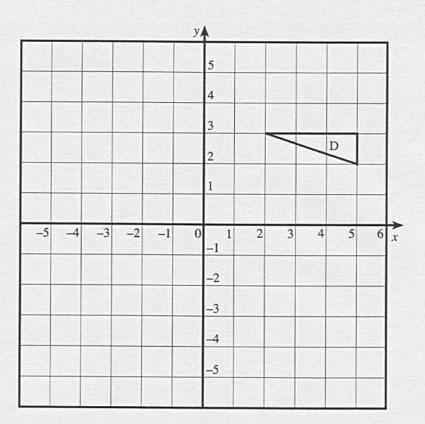
(a)	Write down an equation that x satisfies.
	[2]
(h)	Solve the equation and honce find the length of a side of the neutropy
(b)	Solve the equation and hence find the length of a side of the pentagon.

	How much does Jill get when they make a profit of £270?	
(h)	On another occasion, Alan received £136. How much profit were they sharing?	
(b)	On another occasion, Alan received £136. How much profit were they sharing?	
	On another occasion, Alan received £136. How much profit were they sharing?	

5.



(b) Draw the image when the triangle marked D is rotated through 90° anticlockwise about the point (1, -1). [2]



6. A sample of boys and girls at a school yielded the following results for their eye colour.

	Blue	Brown	Green	Other	Total
Boys	28	-40	10	22	100
Girls	32	30	8	10	80

There are 930 boys and 720 girls at the school. Use the results of the sample and these totals to find an estimate for the total number of pupils in the school with brown eyes.

7.	Solve the following simultaneous eq. Show all your working.	quations by an algebraic (not graphical) method.	
		3x - 4y = 22 $2x + 3y = -8$	
			[4]
8.	Factorise		
	$(a)  3xy^2 - 6xy,$		
			[2]
	(b) $x^2 + 2x - 8$ .		
			[2]

Time taken (to the nearest minute)	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70
Number of pupils	12	56	44	20	16	8	4
a) Complete the follo						60.5	
a) Complete the follo	wing cur	nulative fr	requency t	able.	50.5	60.5	70.5

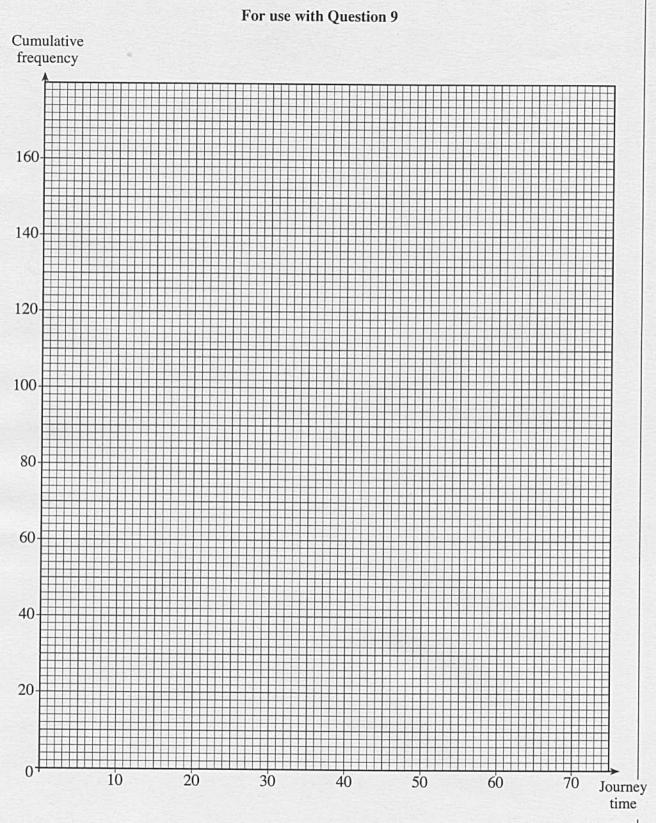
Culliu	lative frequency							
(b) (	On the graph pa	ner opp	osite dra	w a cum	ulative f	requency	diagram	to show
	information.	per opp	osite, dia	iw a cuiii	ulative	requency	ulagian	1 10 5110
	information.							
(c) 1	Use your cumulati	ve freque	ncy diagra	am to find	the intero	martile rai	10e	
(0)		. o moque	noj diagre	ani to mid	the intere	auruno run	150.	
		••••••						

Use your cumulative frequency diagram to complete the following statement. (d)

60% of the pupils took less than ..... minutes to travel to school.

[1]

[2]



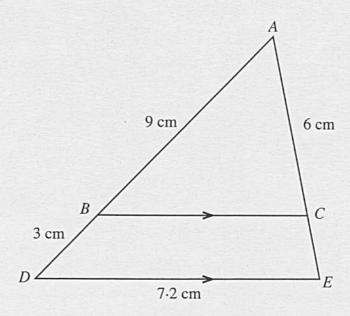


Diagram not drawn to scale.

In the diagram, BC is parallel to DE, and the triangles ABC and ADE are similar. AB = 9 cm, AC = 6 cm, BD = 3 cm and DE = 7.2 cm.

Showing all your working, find the length of

(a) BC,	
(b) AE.	[2

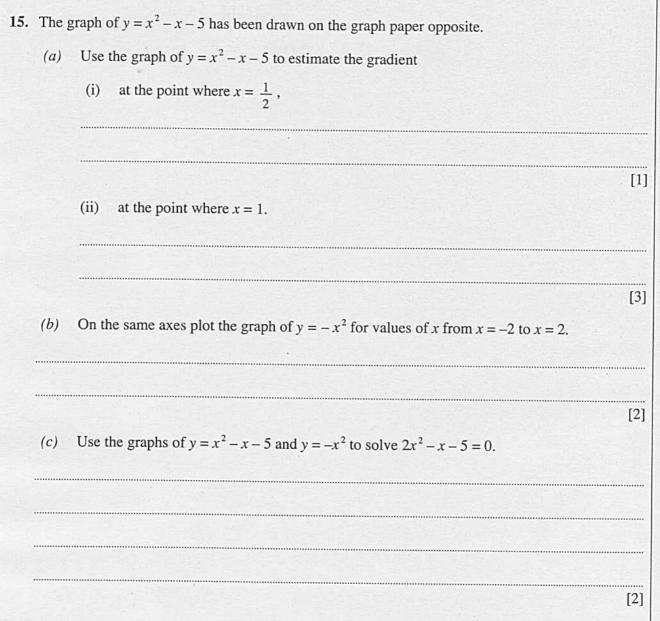
11. In each of the following formulae, every letter stands for the measurement of a length. By considering the dimensions implied by each formula, write down, for each case, whether the formula could be for a length, an area, a volume or none of these.

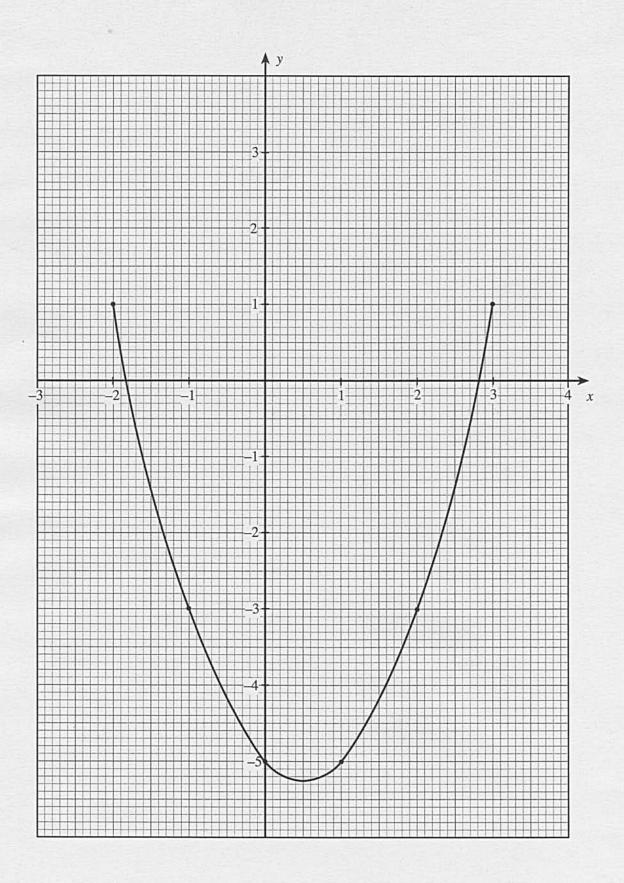
The first one has been done for you.

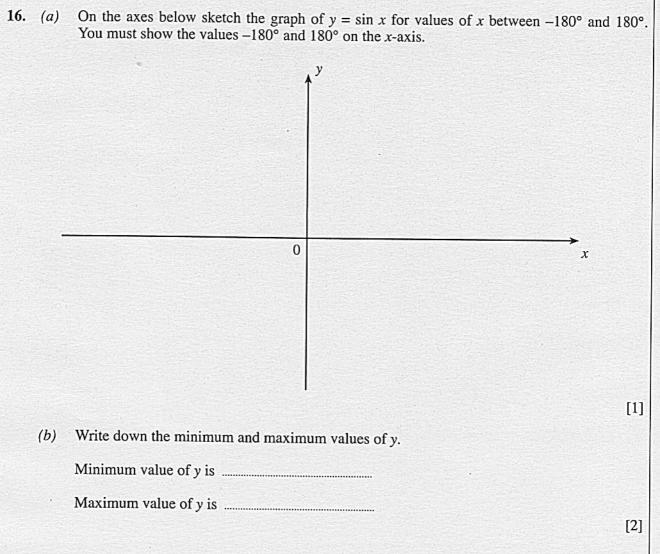
	Formula could be for
$4d^2 + 2dh$	area
$10r^3 + 5hr^2$	
4h + 2d - 8h	
$(r^2 - 7hd)h$	
$r^2 + 8dh + 3hr$	

12.	(a)	Rearrange the inequality $35 - 3n > 2n + 7$ into the form $n < some number$ .
		[2]
	(b)	Given that $n$ also satisfies the inequality $3n > 1$ , write down all the integer values of $n$ that satisfy both inequalities.
		[0]
		[2]

13.	Make <i>p</i> the subject of the following formula.	
	a(3t-2p) = p(3b-w) - w	
		[4
14.	The diagram shows two similar cylinders.  The radius of the smaller cylinder is half the radius of the larger cylinder.  The volume of the smaller cylinder is 200 cm <sup>3</sup> .	
	Diagrams not drawn to scale.	
	Find the volume of the larger cylinder.	
		[2



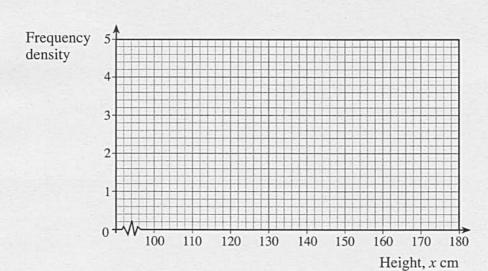




17. The heights of a group of children are summarised in the grouped frequency distribution below.

Height, x cm	Number of children	Frequency density
$100 \leqslant x < 120$	8	0.4
$120 \leqslant x < 130$	15	1.5
$130 \leqslant x < 140$	18	
140 ≤ <i>x</i> < 150	40	
$150 \leqslant x < 160$	25	
160 ≤ <i>x</i> < 180	10	

(a) Complete the frequency density column in the table and draw a histogram.



(b) Calculate an estimate for the number of children in the group whose heights are at least 142 cm.

[3]

(a)	Express 0.624 as a fraction.	
(1)	Show that $(\sqrt{20}, \sqrt{6})^2$ = 50	
	Show that $(\sqrt{72} - \sqrt{2})^2 = 50$ .	
(c)	Simplify	
	(i) $16^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ ,	
	(ii) $125^{\frac{2}{3}}$ .	

	(d)	Simplify the following expressions.	
		(i) $(4y^2x^3)^3$	
		(ii) $\frac{a^{\frac{13}{3}} \times a^{-\frac{4}{3}}}{a^{-3}}$	[2]
			[2]
19.	was c	vey of the cost per litre of unleaded petrol at garages in a particular area was carried out alculated that the mean was 76.8p and the standard deviation was 2.8p. wing a price cut all the garages then reduced the price of unleaded petrol by 1p per litre. down the mean and standard deviation of the unleaded petrol following the price cut.	. It
	Mean		
	Stand	ard deviation	
			[2]

20. The diagram shows a parallelogram OXYZ.

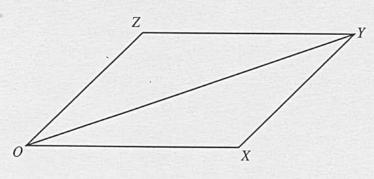


Diagram not drawn to scale.

The point P is on OX such that OP : PX = 1 : 2. The point R is on OY such that OR : RY = 1 : 5.

(a)	Given that $OX = x$ and $OY = y$ , express each of the following in terms of x and	1 y
-----	--	-----

(i)	OP				
(ii)	OR				
(iii) 					

(b)	Show that $ZX = 6RP$ .
	[3
(c)	Describe fully the geometrical relationship between ZX and RP.
	[2

(a)	A question is selected at random from the paper. Calculate the probability that the candidate
	correctly answers the question.
	[4]
(b)	The examination has 150 questions. Calculate how many questions you might expect the candidate to answer correctly.